PMC PRACTICE TEST 12

PHYSICS

Q.1	The principle bening the working of cathode ray oscilloscope is		
	A. oscillation	B. half wave rectification	
	C. full wave rectification	D. none of these	
Q.2	Watt-hour measures		
	A. current	B. electrical energy	
	C. power	D. voltage	
Q.3	According to Faraday law induced vol		
	A. electric field	B. magnetic field	
	C. both a or b	D. position	
Q.4	A current of 5A flows in a resistor of 2	ohms. Calculate the energy dissipated	
	in 300 seconds in the resistor.	-	
	A. 5KJ	B. 10KJ	
	C. 15KJ	D. 20 KJ	
Q.5	The value of angular momentum is ma		
	A. 60 degrees	B. 45 degrees	
	C. 0 degree	D. 90 degrees	
Q.6	If a pipe is closed at one end and open		
	A. antinode	B. node	
	C. rarefaction	D. crest	
Q. 7	If a person is irradiated accidently by		
•	would be seen?		
	A. skin burning	D. high blood proggues	
	C. fever	B. high blood pressure D. any of these	
Q.8	From the following properties of a way		
V. 0	other is its	e, the one that is independent of the	
		D. Emagyanary	
	A. Amplitude	B. Frequency	
Ω0	C. Wavelength	D. Time period	
Q.9	Work done on a ceiling fan by gravity		
	A. maximum C. minimum	B. zero	
Q.10		D. infinity	
Q.10			
	A. frequency C. wavelength	B. amplitude D. all of these	
Q.11			
ų.11		velocity is 10m/s, the length is 3m and	
	the magnetic field density is 5T	D 20071	
	A. 150V	B. 300V	
O 12	C. 100V	D. 0V	
Q.12			
	A. constant moving car	B. moving train	
O 12	C. freely falling body on earth	D. none of these	
Q.13	And the	D 4 'C 1 1 4'	
	A. centripetal acceleration C. both a or b	B. centrifugal acceleration D. none of these	
0.14			
Q.14		isible:	
	A. Transfer of heat by radiation		
	B. Electrical heating by nichrome wire C. Transfer of heat by conduction		
	D. Isothermal compression		
Q.15		en the length of the string is:	
Q.13			
	A. an odd multiple of quarter wavelength B. an integral multiple of quarter wavelength		
	C. an integral multiple of wavelength	uşuı	
	c. all integral manuple of wavelength		

0.16	D. an integral multiple of half wavelength The concept of work function was given by			
Q.16	tu i waxaan	was given	ADDONO VALUETE AR A	
	A. Bohr C. Rutherford		B. Einstein	
Q.17	C. Rutherford D. none of these Michelson determined velocity of light by			
Q.17			50	
	A. studying rotation of moon an		B. using interferometer	
O 19	C. using a rotating plane mirror		D. using an octagonal rotating mirr	10
Q.18	Average dc Voltage across the	e ioau iii tei		
	A. 0.532 Vmax C. 0.759Vmax		B. 0.637Vmax D. 0.437Vmax	
Q.19		narallal ta	a magnetic field of 4T with 20 m/s	c c
Q.17		, paraner to	a magnetic field of 41 with 20 m/s	,
	Calculate the net force on it		D 12001	
	A. 160N		B. 120N	
Q.20	C. 0N The work done can also be ca	lculated by	D. 100N	
Q.20		lander to the second		
	A. gradient of tangent of the, cu B. area of the curve under P-V		grapii	
	C. area of the, curve under P-T			
	D. gradient of tangent of the, cu	_	graph	
Q.21	Centre tape rectifier circuit co			
	A. 1		B. 200%	
	C. 300%		D. 400%	
Q.22	When a body moves vertically	upward, t	he work done will be	
	A. positive	-	B. zero	
	C. negative		D. none of these	
Q.23	A monatomic ideal gas is ther	mally insul	lated, so no heat can flow between	it
	and its surroundings. Is it pos	sible for th	e temperature of the gas to rise?	
	A. Yes. The temperature can ris			
			can rise is if heat is added to the gas	
	C. Yes. The temperature can ris			
	D. No. The only way that the te	mperature o	can rise is by adding more molecules	in
	container			
Q.24	If displacements due to two in	dividual w	aves are y1 and y2. Then the	
	resultant displacement, y, of t	he particle	of the medium is:	
	$A. y = y_1 \times y_2$		B. $y = y_1 / y_2$	
100	C. $y = y_1 - y_2$		D. $y = y_1 + y_2$	
Q.25	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ance		
	A. long		B. short	
0.26	C. absorbed immediately	1 . 1	D. never ending distance	
Q.26			he end of the string. When the stor	1e
	is at the highest position the to	ension in th	NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	
	A. Max		B. Zero	
0.27			D. Less than the weight of the stone	Э
Q.27	Vertical velocity vs time grap	n ior a proj		
	A. Varies linearly		B. Follows a parabolic path	
0.20	C. is constant	an augu afta	D. is nonlinear	
Q.20	Under a cyclic path, internal	energy arte		
	A. 2(initial)		B. initial heat	
O 20	C. initial internal energy	l anavay ha	D. initial work	
Q.29		п енегду па	iving fixed polarity and terminals	
	A. Motor		B. Metals D. Generator	
Q.30	C. Battery The artifacts and fossils are u	sed to estin	nate ages by measured conter	ıt
Q.50	A. mineral	sea to estill	B. chemical	
	C. radioactive		D. all of these	
			The state of the s	

Q.31	A 4kg eagle picks up a /5g snake and ra	ises it 2.5 m from the ground to a	
	branch. What is the work done by the eagle on the snake? (Assume $g = 10$		
	m/s^2)		
	A. 100 J	D 1 075 I	
		B. 1.875 J	
0.22	C. 18.75 J	D. 187.5 J	
Q.32	Do magnetic flux lines intersect?		
	A. Yes	B. No	
	C. Depends on strength of field	D. Cannot be determined	
Q.33	A 100 turn coil of area 0.1 m^2 rotates a	t half a revolution per second. It is	
	placed in a uniform magnetic field of 0.0	1 T perpendicular to the axis of	
	rotation of the coil. Calculate the maxim		
	A. 256.33 V	B. 89.12V	
	C. 0.314V	D. 3.1455 V	
Q.34	The atomic mass unit is unit of	D. 3.1433 V	
Q.54		D. Wess	
	A. Distance	B. Mass	
0.25	C. Time	D. None of these	
Q.35	The ratio: gravitational force		
	A. Greater than unity	B. Less than unity	
	C. Equal to unity	D. Zero	
Q.36	Superposition of two waves having sligh	tly different frequency, same	
	amplitude and travelling in the same dir	ection, is called:	
	A. Interference	B. Diffraction	
	C. Beats	D. Stationary waves	
Q.37	Electric potential difference between the	two points can be defined as:	
	A. Difference of the kinetic energy per unit	t charge	
	B. Difference of the kinetic energy		
	C. Difference of the potential energy per un	nit charge	
	D. Difference of the potential energy		
Q.38	If a photon is absorbed by a electron the	energy of electron	
	A. Increase		
	B. Decrease		
	C. Remain same	*/	
	D. Another photon will be released by elec	tron	
Q.39	The speed of photons in vacuum ist	han in liquid water	
	A. Higher	B. Smaller	
	C. Equal	D. None of these	
Q.40	Ripple factor of full wave rectifier is		
	A. 1.21	B. 0.6	
	C. 0.482	D. 0.9	
Q.41	Two α-particles have the ratio of their vo		
Q.11	If they move in different circular paths,		
		then the ratio of the rath of then	
	paths is		
	A. 2:3	B. 3:2	
	C. 4:9	D. 9:4	
Q.42	A surface around a point source of light,	on which all the points have the	
	same phase of vibration is known as:		
	A. equipotential	B. surface of sphere	
	C. wavefront	D. ellipsoid	
Q.43	PD stands for		
	A. Potential difference	B. Potential deviation	
	C. Power difference	D. Power dissipated	
Q.44	A constant force of 10 N is applied on a l		
- Total	12 cm what will be the work done	The state of	
	A. 120 J	В. 12 Ј	
	A. 120 J	D. 12 J	

Q.45	A pipe is filled with a gas and open at o	ne chai it the length of the pipe is old	
	m and the speed of sound in the gas in 300 m/s. Then frequencies of the first		
	two harmonics are:		
	A. 125 Hz and 250 Hz	B. 250 Hz and 750 Hz	
	C. 250 Hz and 500 Hz	D. 125 Hz and 375 Hz	
Q.46	Gamma rays are attracted towards		
	A. negative plate	B. positive plate	
	C. no deflection	D. pass through the medium	
Q.47	Pseudo forces arises in	-	
	A. inertial frames	B. constant moving frames	
	C. rest frame of reference	D. accelerating frame of reference	
Q.48	Electric current may be defined as		
	A. Rate of flow of charge	B. Rate of flow of momentum	
	C. Rate of flow of power	D. None of them	
Q.49	One of the major reasons for heat loss i	n transformer is	
	A. Radiation loss	B. Convection loss	
	C. Eddy current loss	D. None of these	
Q.50	The H atom has quarks		
	A. 1	B. 2	
	C. 3	D. 4	
Q.51	4000 Coulomb charges were passing from	om the wire for about 12 seconds.	
	Estimate the current during this proces	ss?	
	A. 333.3 ampere	B. 333.33 volts	
	C. 666.67 ampere	D. None of them	
Q.52	Two tuning forks produces N beats. If	The state of the s	
	frequency f, then the frequency of the other would be:		
	A. N – f	B. N / f	
	C. N × f	D. N + f	
Q.53	One charge enters in magnetic field of	2*10-2 T normally with specific charge	
100			
	108 C/kg and velocity of 107 m/s. What	will be the radius of circle?	
	A. 1 m	B. 0.5 m	
	A. 1 m C. 5 m	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m	
Q.54	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m	
	A. 1 m C. 5 m	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m	
	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 %	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m	
Q.54	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 %	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the	
	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 %	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 %	
Q.54	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always	
Q.54 Q.55	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always C. at rest	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always D. none of these	
Q.54	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always C. at rest C14 decays with a half-life of about 580	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always D. none of these of years. In a sample of bone the ratio	
Q.54 Q.55	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always C. at rest C14 decays with a half-life of about 580 of C14 to C12 is found to be 1/4th of wh	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always D. none of these of years. In a sample of bone the rationat it is in free air. This bone may	
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Q.54 Q.55	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always C. at rest C14 decays with a half-life of about 580 of C14 to C12 is found to be 1/4th of whole one of a period about X centuries agas. 2×58 C. 58/2	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always D. none of these 0 years. In a sample of bone the ratio nat it is in free air. This bone may so, where X is nearest to: B. 58 D. 3×58	
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Q.54 Q.55 Q.56	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always C. at rest C14 decays with a half-life of about 580 of C14 to C12 is found to be 1/4th of wholelong to a period about X centuries ag A. 2×58 C. 58/2 BIOL Resolution of human eye is: A. 2.0 μm C. 1.0 μm	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always D. none of these to years. In a sample of bone the rationat it is in free air. This bone may so, where X is nearest to: B. 58 D. 3×58 OGY B. 2.0 mm D. 1.0 mm	
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Q.54 Q.55 Q.56 Q.57 Q.58	A. 1 m C. 5 m KE of body is increased by 44 %, what momentum A. 10 % C. 30 % The frame of reference could be A. fixed always C. at rest C14 decays with a half-life of about 580 of C14 to C12 is found to be 1/4th of wholelong to a period about X centuries ag A. 2×58 C. 58/2 BIOL Resolution of human eye is: A. 2.0 μm C. 1.0 μm Human accumulated glycogen is an exa A. phospholipid C. carbohydrates	B. 0.5 m D. 10 m is the percentage increase in the B. 20 % D. 44 % B. not fixed always D. none of these to years. In a sample of bone the rationat it is in free air. This bone may to, where X is nearest to: B. 58 D. 3×58 OGY B. 2.0 mm D. 1.0 mm ample of B. polysacchrides D. both b and c	
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Q.60	In some cases the blastomere ca	n produce complete embryo the cleavage will be?
	A. Spiral and determinate	B. Spiral and indeterminate
	C. Radial and determinate	D. Radial and indeterminate
Q.61	The spinal cord acts as a link	between body parts and
	A. brain	B. skull
	C. heart	D. lungs
Q.62		ere related to speech is called?
	A. Amygdala	B. Broca's area
0.63	C. Hypothalamus	D. Occipital lobe
Q.63		the gastric glands secrete the zymogen which is
	called?	D
	A. trypsinogen	B. pepsin
Q.64	C. trypsin Coelom is lined by which of t	D. pepsinogen
Q.04	A. Parietal mesoderm	B. Visceral mesoderm
	C. Mesoderm	D. both a and b
Q.65		fectious particle is known as?
	A. Capsid	B. Virion
	C. Bacteriophage	D. Nucleus
Q.66	The random change in allele	
	A. genetic drift	B. diversity
	C. linkage	D. all of these
Q.67	Who coined the term Animal	cules for microorganisms like Bacteria and
	protozoa?	
	A. Robert Koch	B. Louis Pasteur
	C. Alexander Fleming	D. Leeuwenhoek
Q.68	Larynx is also called:	
	A. glottis	B. voice box
0.60	C. epiglottis	D. both B and C
Q.69	Which one of the following st	
	A. Penis	B. Urethra
Q.70	C. sperm duct The main target in the preven	D. scrotum ntion of lung cancer is eliminating the
Q.70	A. Tobacco smoking	B. chemicals
	C. Pollutants	D. Mutagens
Q.71		uency of which of the following?
1.00	A. heterozygous	B. genetic diversity
	C. genetic linkage	D. homozygous
Q.72	In sexual reproduction, plant	ts have diplohaplontic life cycle with
	alternating?	
	A. Haploid sporophyte and dip	loid gametophyte generations
	B. Diploid sporophyte and dipl	
	C. Haploid sporophyte and hap	rander of the control
0.72	D. Diploid sporophyte and hap	
Q.73		e of actin and myosin filaments?
		comyosin interact with the thick filament
	classified as thick filaments	ed as thin filaments, whereas myosin molecules are
	C. Both A and B	D. none of these
Q.74		imary packaging area for molecules that will be
	distributed throughout the co	
	A. vacuole	B. plastids
	C. lysosomes	D. golgi apparatus
Q.75		ic recombination requires the presence of plasmids?
	A. Transduction	B. Transformation
	C Rinary fission	D. Conjugation

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Q.76	Who sent his theory to Darwin?		
	A. Mendel	B. Wallace	
	C. Lamarck	D. Lynn Morgulis	
Q .77	Which tissue attaches the embryo to the		
	A. Graafian follicle	B. Corpus luteum	
O 70	C. Placenta	D. None of these	
Q./8	If all members of a population are homo	zygous for the same affele, that affele	
	is said to be?	D D 1	
	A. Mobile in gene pool C. Stationary in gene pool	B. Random in gene pool D. Fixed in gene pool	
0.79	Which of the following is evidence of a co		
Q.//>	A. Morphological similarities	B. Fossil record	
	C. Vestigial characteristics	D. All of these	
Q.80	The calvin cycle begins when carbon dio	xide reacts with?	
	A. NAD	B. ADP	
	C. FADH	D. RUBP	
Q.81	Assume that a trait is expressed according	The second secon	
	dominance. Each gene contributes one of	f two possible alleles. Which of the	
	following statements is true?		
	A. The genotype is the expressed trait of th		
	B. There are three possible phenotypes the		
	C. If two heterozygous organisms mate, 25 D. If two heterozygous organisms mate, 75		
	dominant phenotype	76 of the progeny win display the	
Q.82	Vitamin which doesn't act as a coenzyme	e is?	
	A. Vitamin c	B. Vitamin b	
	C. Vitamin b1	D. Vitamin b2	
Q.83	The contractile protein of skeletal muscl	e involving ATPase activity is:	
	A. actin	B. myosin	
0.04	C. troponin	D. tropomyosin	
Q.84	4 Binding of myosin head to actin generates muscle contraction. After muscle contraction the myosin head has to be removed from the actin. Which of the		
		moved from the actin. Which of the	
	following accomplishes this task?		
	A. Binding of ATP to tropomyosin	B. Binding of calcium to troponin D. Binding of ATP to myosin head	
Q.85	C. Binding of troponin to actin Sertoli cells are responsible for which of		
Qioc	A. Provide liquid medium to cells in testes	n n 1/2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	B. Provide protection and nourishment to c		
	C. Secrete testosterone		
	D. Both A and B		
Q.86	The fine ends of the bronchioles are called		
	A. Bronchi	B. Bronchioles	
0.97	C. Pharynx duct	D. Alveolar ducts	
Q.87	Amount of oxygen in inspired air is 21 % A. 0.11	B. 0.12	
	C. 0.15	D. 0.16	
Q.88	Which one is not a bony fish?	2. 0.10	
	A. Trout	B. Sea horse	
	C. Shark	D. Tuna	
Q.89	Biomolecules such as starch cellulose and	d glycogen yield which of the	
	following upon hydrolysis?		
	A. Maltose	B. Sucrose	
Tage Service	C. Glucose	D. Galactose	
Q.90	Which of the following was discovered by		
	A. XO-XX	B. XY-XX	
	C. ZZ-ZW	D. None of these	

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Q.91 A much smaller and ancient bacteria are present in group A. Archaeo bacteria B. Lactobacteria C. Eubacteria D. Anaerobic bacteria Q.92 During aristotle time, it was thought that A. Oranisms ranged from simple to complex B. One type of organisim give rise to another type of organism C. Both a & b D. All living things specially created by nature Q.93 The example of coordinators in chemical coordination is? A. Endocrine glands B. Spinal cord C. Brain D. Human eyes Q.94 What is the size range of Porifera? A. Few centimeter wide to more than one meter tall B. Few decimeter wide to more than one meter tall C. One meter wide to more than millimeter tall. D. Few millimeter wide to more than one meter tall Q.95 Diameter of thick filament is approximately how many nm? A. 15 B. 16 D. 18 Q.96 Which cell is the longest in the human body? B. Nerve cells A. Muscle cells C. Bone cells D. Gland cells Q.97 Where in the female reproductive system thousands of eggs are found? A. Ovaries B. Vagina C. Fallopian tube D. Uterus Q.98 The stretch reflex is a: A. Monosynaptic reflex B. Polysynaptic reflex C. Hemi Synaptic reflex D. None of these What cycle begins when newly formed phages enter the bacteria? A. Lysogenic cycle B. Lytic cycle C. Both D. None Q.100 How many ml of oxygen are present in a litre of water? A. 10 B. 20 C. 40 D. 200 Q.101 A bond formed by linkage between -OH of carboxyl group of one amino acid and H of amino group of another amino acid which releases water is called? A. Glycosidic bond B. Phosphodiester bond C. Peptide bond D. Ionic bond Q.102 All of them are NOT fish except: A. Starfish B. Jellyfish D. Catfish C. Cuttlefish Q.103 The optimum pH of Salivary amylase is? A. 6.8 B. 6 C. 8.8 D. 8 Q.104 The glycine generated during photorespiration enters: A. Glyoxysomes B. Mitochondria C. Peroxisomes D. Ribosomes Q.105 Where does the AIDS virus infect? A. RBCs B. WBCs C. Leukocytes D. None Q.106 What is pyruvate broken down to, in yeast? A. Acetyl coA B. Alcohol C. Lactic acid D. All of these

Q.107	During Brush or summing Source	ic material that can be advantageous	
	in certain environments. This type of gene transmission is an example of		
	which of the following?		
	A. Transduction	B. Transformation	
	C. Binary fission	D. Conjugation	
Q.108	A mother is homozygous for blood type		
	Which of the following could describe th		
	A. A	B. O	
	C. A or AB	D. B	
Q.109	Vitamins which are not stored in body a	re called?	
1970)	A. Fat soluble vitamins	B. Minerals	
	C. Fats	D. Water soluble vitamins	
Q.110	All of the following descriptions concern	ing viral multiplication and nucleic	
	acids are true EXCEPT that:		
	A. Viruses contain DNA or RNA, not both		
	B. Viruses replicate only in living cells		
	C. Viruses use the cell's biosynthetic mach	inery to synthesize copies of	
	themselves.		
	D. Viral mRNA, viral tRNA, and viral ribo		
Q.111	What is the product of the ETC in anim	als?	
	A. Oxygen	B. Carbon dioxide	
	C. Water	D. All of these	
Q.112	Where does germ cells are produced?		
	A. Uterus	B. Ovaries	
0.442	C. Eggs	D. Fallopian tube	
Q.113	The movement of minerals or water via		
	A. Apoplast	B. Symplast	
0.114	C. Vascular	D. All of these	
().114			
V.11.	Uterus opens into the vagina through:	D. Coming	
Q.22.	A. Uterus	B. Cervix	
water providence	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube)	D. Ovary	
water providence	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day	
water providence	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day	
water providence	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering?	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of	
water providence	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins	
Q.115	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene	
Q.115	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins The cell membrane of a skeletal muscle	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene cell is called:	
Q.115	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins The cell membrane of a skeletal muscle A. Sarcoplasm	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene cell is called: B. Sarcolemma	
Q.115 Q.116	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins The cell membrane of a skeletal muscle A. Sarcoplasm C. Sarcomere	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene cell is called: B. Sarcolemma D. Myofibrils	
Q.115 Q.116	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins The cell membrane of a skeletal muscle A. Sarcoplasm C. Sarcomere The long unbranched, slender tubulin p	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene cell is called: B. Sarcolemma D. Myofibrils rotein is called?	
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Q.115 Q.116 Q.117	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins The cell membrane of a skeletal muscle A. Sarcoplasm C. Sarcomere The long unbranched, slender tubulin parameters. A. Microtubules C. Actin	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene cell is called: B. Sarcolemma D. Myofibrils rotein is called? B. Intermediate filament D. All of these	
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Q.115 Q.116 Q.117	A. Uterus C. Oviduct (fallopian tube) Abscisic acid promotes flowering in short plants, which of the following is antagon flowering? A. Gibberellins C. Auxins The cell membrane of a skeletal muscle A. Sarcoplasm C. Sarcomere The long unbranched, slender tubulin parameter to the long unbranched of these is common is both lympha. Both have small bore	D. Ovary rt day plants and inhibits in long day istic to abscisic acid in terms of B. Cytokinins D. Ethene cell is called: B. Sarcolemma D. Myofibrils rotein is called? B. Intermediate filament D. All of these	
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Q.122	Which statement is true about noncompe	etitive inhibitors?	
	A. They bind covalently to the enzyme and	disrupt the substrate from attaching	
	B. They bind at the active site of the enzym		
	C. They actively block the enzyme from attaching to the substrate.		
	D. They alter the conformation of the enzym		
Q.123	Which of the following is NOT a bony fis		
	A. Perch	B. Plaice	
	C. Catfish	D. Dogfish	
Q.124	The right side of the body is controlled b	-	
	A. Left cerebral hemisphere	B. Right cerebral hemisphere	
	C. Hippocampus	D. Corpus callosum	
	CHEMI	STRY	
Q.125	Classification of Solids is based upon the	arrangement of	
	A. Molecules	B. Atoms	
	C. Ions	D. All of these	
Q.126	Which of the following suffix is used for	the common naming of alkene?	
	Aene	Bylene	
	Cyne	Deylene	
Q.127	Which of the following enzyme is not use	ed during fermentation process for	
	making ethanol?		
	A. Diastase	B. Zymase	
	C. Protease	D. Maltase	
Q.128	Concentration of reactants and products	are expressed as Moles per unit	
	A. Area	B. Length	
	C. Volume	D. None of these	
Q.129	Any specie which carry a positive charge	and can accept electrons is called	
	as?		
		B. Anion	
0.420	C. Nucleophile	D. Electrophobic	
Q.130	In Thermodynamic terms boundary sepa		
	A. Surrounding from the environment	B. Reactants from contamination	
O 121	C. System from surrounding	D. Products from the surrounding	
Q.131	Nucleophilic addition reactions of carbon	nyi compounds can be catalyzed	
	by?	D. D.	
	A. Acid	B. Base	
O 132	C. Water Which one is radioactive?	D. Both acid and base	
Q.132	Which one is radioactive?	D. F.	
	A. Cs C. Li	B. Fr D. K	
O 133	dx/dt is rate of change of concentration v		
Q.133		B. Pressure	
	A. Temperature C. Time	D. None of these	
0.134	The gas laws describes the beha		
	A. Abrupt	B. Non-uniform	
	C. Uniform	D. Disordered	
Q.135	The compounds having -COOH group a	are called as ?	
3- M - MIN	A. Aldehydes	B. Ketones	
	C. Carboxylic acids	D. Alcohols	
Q.136	The temperature at which enzyme activity	ty is maximum is called as?	
	A. Maximum temperature	B. Absolute temperature	
	C. Critical temperature	D. Optimum temperature	
Q.137	Downs Cell is used for the electrolysis of		
	A. Aqueous NaCl	B. Aqueous NaNO ₃	
	C. Fused NaCl	D. Fused NaNO ₃	

Q.138	in which of the follo	wing reaction steps i	ree radical is formed?
	A. Initiation, terminat	ion	B. Termination, propagation
	C. Only initiation		D. Initiation, propagation
Q.139	Work done by the sy	stem is always	
	A. Positive		B. Zero
	C. Negative		D. Equals to Unity
Q.140		show cleansing actio	on because of the presence ofof
	molecules		
	A. Opposite poles		B. Polar part
	C. Non polar part		D. Positive end
0.141	Account of the second of the s	potential is found by	y dipping the electrode in its own Ion
(with molarity equals	3頁。 − 4 − 1 − 1 − 1 − 1 − 1 − 1 − 1 − 1 − 1	yPPg erections the eventual
	A. 0.1		B. 1
	C. 1.5		D. 0
O 142	Which is not a heter	ocyclic compound?	D. 0
Q.142	A. Furan	ocyche compound.	D. Dermolo
	C. Pyridine		B. Pyrrole D. Ethane
O 143		ng reaction is used to	produce symmetrical alkanes from
Q.145		ng reaction is used to	o produce symmetrical alkanes from
	alkyl halides?	41	D W II V I V I V
	A. Wittig reaction	1 11 1	B. Kolbe's electrolysis
0 144	C. Reduction of alkyl		D. Wurtz reaction
Q.144	Benzophenone is als	o known as :	
	A. Diphenyl ketone		B. Ethyl Phenyl ketone
0 145	C. Tri Phenyl ketone	16 1 60	D. None of these
Q.145	What is the correct a	general formula of G	
	A. RMX		B. R ₂ MgX
0.446	C. RMgX ₂		D. RMgX
Q.146	The side of the man	ometer in which mer	
	A. Atmosphere		B. Liquid
0.445	C. Container		D. Gas
Q.147	Hemoglobin is exam	pie of which protein.	
	A. Transport proteins		B. Structural proteins
0 1 10	C. Genetic proteins		D. Regulatory proteins
Q.148	The state of the s	s oxidized with potas	ssium dichromate, which product is
	formed?		
	A. Acetic acid		B. Butanoic acid
	C. Benzoic acid		D. No reaction takes place
Q.149	The second second second	e-Induced dipole for	ces are also named as?
	A. Debye forces		B. Dipole-dipole forces
·	C. London Dispersion		D. H-bonding
Q.150	Which one of the fol	lowing in correct mo	lecular mass of protein?
	A. 9000		B. Less than 10000
	C. 10000		D. More than 10000
Q.151	The molecule of wat	er has structure	
	A. Cubic		B. Tetrahedral
	C. Trigonal		D. Hexagonal system
Q.152	Who was able to det	ermine the distance l	b/w K+ and Cl- in potassium
	chloride crystal`		
	A. Bohr's		B. Pauling
	C. Berzelius		D. Rutherford
Q.153	Sum of oxidation nu	mbers of all the mole	ecules in a neutral atom is
	A. Unity		B. Negative
	C. 1		D. Zero
Q.154	Phenol is changed in	to cyclohexanol by t	he following method
	A. Hydrogenation	B. Reaction with form	maldehyde
	C. Nitration	D. Halogenation	
		_	

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Q.155	Lanthanides and actinides are	e also called as?
33.50%	A. Rare earth elements C. Non typical elements	B. Outer transition elementsD. Typical transition elements
Q.156	The amount of energy evolved	l during the formation of hydrogen molecule is
	A. 436.45 KJ/mol	B. 444.45 J/mol
	C. 436.45 J/mol	D. 444.45 KJ/Mol
Q.157	The rate of formation of amm	onia is not economical at
	A. Low temperature	B. Very high pressure
	C. Both A and B	D. None of these
Q.158	Half-life can be found out for	a reaction of
	A. First order	B. Second Order
	C. Any Order	D. Zero Order
Q.159	Which of the following is used	as disinfectant?
	A. Phenylhydrazone	B. Phenol
	C. Acetic acid	D. Vinegar
Q.160	At equilibrium the reaction m	ixture contains
	A. Only Products	B. Reactants
	C. Both	D. None of these
Q.161	Which of the following reaction	on does acetylene give due to its acidic
	hydrogens?	
	A. Ozonolysis	B. Hydroxylation
	C. Acetylide formation	D. Kolbe's electrolysis
Q.162	Which of the following alkyl h	alide give SN1 reactions?
	A. 1-chloropropane	B. 2-chloropropane
	C. n-butyl chloride	D. 2-methyl,2—chloropropane
Q.163	Which one of the following ha	s highest number of unpaired electrons?
	A. Fe ²⁺	B. Mn ²⁺
	C. Cr ⁵⁺	D. Zn ²⁺
Q.164	How many organic compound	s are known?
	A. 850000	B. Over 6 million
	C. 6 million	D. 5 million
Q.165	Which one of the following is	not the property of a system?
	A. Enthalpy	B. Internal energy
	C. Thermal energy	D. Temperature
Q.166	Which of the following are the	products of catalytic oxidation of methane?
	A. CO ₂ , H ₂ O	B. CO, H ₂ O
	C. CO ₂ , H ₂	D. CH₃OH
Q.167	The tendencies of elements to	have relation with each other can be
	understand by	
	A. Lowry concept	B. Pauling concept
	C. Lewis concept	D. Arrhenius concept
Q.168	The peaks forms in a mass spe	ectrograph shows number of of an
	element	
	A. Electrons	B. Isotopes
	C. Protons	D. Neutrons
Q.169	In which of the following benz	ene is isolated?
	A. Naphthalene	B. Diphenyl ethane
	C. Phenanthrene	D. Anthracene
Q.170	Which of the following is a dil	nydric alcohol?
	A. Ethanol	B. Methanol
	C. Glycerol	D. Glycol
Q.171	Which character of p-orbital	determines the geometry of molecules
	A. Planar	B. Axial
	C. Non directional	D. Directional

Q.172	By changing Pressure at equilibrium wh	ich value is changing
	A. Kc	В. Кр
	C. Equilibrium Position	D. All of these
Q.173	The slope determined by drawing a righ	t angled triangle drawn with tangent
	as hypotenuse will be same	
	A. With different sizes of triangles drawn	B. At different point on curve
	C. At the start and end of curve	D. All of these
Q.174	Oxidative cleavage of alkenes takes place	e in the presence of?
	A. Acidic cold KMnO ₄	B. Warm Acidic KMnO ₄
	C. Warm alkaline KMnO ₄	D. Alkaline cold KMnO ₄
Q.175	Isoelectronic species have same	
	A. Electronic configuration	B. Ionic size
	C. Reactivity	D. Ph
Q.176	Organic compounds are	
	A. Volatile	B. Non-volatile
	C. Fissible	D. None
Q.177	The most symmetrical crystal system	
	A. Triclinic	B. Tetragonal
	C. Cubic	D. Rhombohedral
Q.178	In Electrochemical Cell Positive Ions are	The state of the s
	A. Anode	B. Cathode
0.450	C. Toward the bottom of the cell	D. Towards the walls of the cell
Q.179	NAD contains which vitamin as cofactor	
	A. B1	B. B2
O 190	C. C	D. B3
Q.180	Which of the following has greater polar	
	A. N ₂	B. Cl ₂
	C. O ₂	D. I ₂
	ENGL	ASH
Q.181	It is the duty of every citizen to do his ut	most to defend the hardly won
	freedom of the country.	
	A. It is the duty of every citizen	B. to do his utmost
	C. to defend the hardly won	D. freedom of the country.
Q.182	How weto ageing is a cho	ice we must make wisely.
	A. respond	B. absolve
	C. discharge	D. overlook
Q.183	We will needumbrella toda	ay.
	A. a	B. an
	C. the	D. no article
Q.184	What tense is the verb in this sentence?	They go to college on Mondays.'
	A. Present	B. past
	C. future	D. none of these
Q.185	The train leaves 5 o'clock, hurry t	D. A. Marie
	A. at	B. in
0.106	C. around	D. under
Q.186	The plane late because one of the	
	A. grew up	B. blew up
O 197	C. went off	D. took off
Q.10/	Choose the correct sentence.	
	A. He visit the temple frequently. B. He visits the temple frequently.	
	C. He had visiting the temple frequently.	
	D. He have had visited the temple frequent	lv.
		

Q.188	Please give me cake that is on the counter.		
	A. a	B. an	
	C. the	D. no article	
Q.189	We must go and congratulate him		
	A. We must go	B. and congratulate him for	
O 100	C. his brilliant Choose the correct sentence.	D. performance.	
Q.190		6th Contombou at 6 n m	
	A. The class will begin, next Tuesday B. The class will begin next Tuesday		
	C. The class will begin next Tuesday.		
	D. The class will begin next Tuesday		
Q.191	We (laugh) at the fe	unny clowns.	
	A. laugh	B. laughs	
0.400	C. laughing	D. laughed	
Q.192	Ninety rupees too much f		
	A. is C. be	B. are	
Q.193		D. were	
Q.170	A. merry	B. sad	
	C. sombre	D. laborious	
Q.194	Choose the correct spelling of the w		
	A. readey	B. raddy	
	C. reddy	D. ready	
Q.195	What a tragedy!		
	A. Declarative	B. Imperative	
O 106	C. Interrogative Choose the correct sentence.	D. Exclamatory	
Q.170	A. Mother said "leave the dishes on the table until we have finished eating."		
	B. Mother said "Leave the dishes on the table until we have finished eating."		
		the table until we have finished eating."	
		ne table until we have finished eating.	
Q.197	Choose the correct sentence.		
	A. I did not accompanied them.	B. I do not accompanied them.	
O 198	C. I does not accompany them. Choose the correct spelling of the w	D. I did not accompany them.	
Q.170	A. comitte	B. commite	
	C. committee	D. comittee	
Q.199	Further research is needed to find	out what side this pill has on a	
	person's digestive system.		
	A. affects	B. effects	
0.200	C. defects	D. suspects	
Q.200	camel is the ship of		
	A. A C. The	B. An D. No article	
		REASONING	
0.204		REASONING	
Q.201	Statements:		
	I. All film stars are playback singer	'S.	
	II. All film directors are film stars.		
	Conclusions:	3 70 10	
	I. All film directors are playback si		
	II. Some film stars are film director	B. Either I or II follows	
	A. Only conclusion II follows C. Neither I nor II follows	D. Both I and II follow	

Q.202 23rd letter of English alphabets is

A. X C. Z B. W D. Y

Q.203 Statements: -

Should admission to the professional degrees in Pakistan be given only on merit without any concession to any particular group of students? Arguments:

- I. Yes. This will improve the quality of the professional institutes and degrees as they will be able to complete the degree successfully.
- II. No. This will keep a large number of socially and economically backward students out of the reach of professional institutes and degrees.
- A. If argument I is strong.

B. If only argument II is strong

C. If both I and II are strong.

D. If neither I nor II is strong

- Q.204 I. Since Amna's baby died at birth, she wanted another immediately.
 - II. Amna abducted the infant and took it out of the hospital.
 - A. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect.
 - B. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect.
 - C. Both statements I and II are independent causes
 - D. Both statements I and II are the effects of independent cause.
- Q.205 The yard is to inch as quart is to

A. Gallon

B. Bounce

C. Milk

D. Liquid

- Q.206 The term "midnight sun" refers to the time when the sun sets at 12 a.m.
 - A. A long period of time when the sun shines in the polar circle

B. B a full moon

C. twilight

D. Both A and B

Q.207 If a computer has more than one processor then it is known as?

A. Uni-process

B. Multiprocessor

C. Multi-threaded

D. Both A and B

- Q.208 Statement: Most of the steel producing companies in the country have made considerable profit during the last financial year. Many Asian countries have been importing huge quantities of steel from Pakistan
 - A. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect.
 - B. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect
 - C. Both the statements I and II are independent causes
 - D. Both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause
- Q.209 The high school math department needs to appoint a new chairperson, which will be based on seniority. Ms. West has less seniority than Mr. Temple, but more than Ms. Brody. Mr. Rhodes has more seniority than Ms. West, but less than Mr. Temple. Mr. Temple doesn't want the job. Who will be the new math department chairperson?

A. Mr. Rhodes

B. Mr. Temple

C. Mr. West

D. Mr. Brody

Q.210 Here are some words translated from an artificial language. granamelke means big tree pinimelke means little tree melkehoon means tree house Which word could mean big house?

A. granahoon

B. pinishur

C. pinihoon

D. melkegrana

As we know there is lot of mistakes in answer keys of PMC Practice tests, so I have decided to rectify all in proper in SKN STUDY GROUP

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